Local Records Retention Schedules

Missouri Revised Statutes Chapter 109 (Public and Business Records) Section 255 authorizes the Local Records Board to establish minimum retention periods for the administrative, fiscal and legal records created by local governments.

Retention and disposition of records that are common to many offices are included in the General Schedule. Records unique to particular offices are addressed in individual office schedules.

October 2009

Sheriff Records Retention Schedule

See also the General Records Retention Schedule.

Using this Records Retention Schedule

Everyday local government offices throughout Missouri produce records that document the rights of citizens, the actions of the government that serves them and the history of the community in which they live. It is the responsibility of local government to effectively maintain and manage these records and to ensure the continued preservation of those records of essential evidence that have enduring and permanent value.

The introduction to this retention schedule provides local government officials with basic information on records and the application of retention schedules.

What is a Record?

A "**record**" is defined as any "document, book, paper, photograph, map, sound recording or other material, regardless of physical form or characteristics, made or received pursuant to law or in connection with the transaction of official business" (109.210(5) RSMo). This definition includes those records created, used and maintained in electronic form.

Non-Records

Even though records include a broad spectrum of recorded information, not all recorded information is a record. According to Section 109.210(5) RSMo, the following are not records: "...Library and museum material made or acquired and preserved solely for reference or exhibition purposes, extra copies of documents preserved only for convenience of reference, and stocks of publications and of processed documents are not included within the definition of records..."

Other examples of non-records include the following materials:

- Identical copies of documents maintained in the same file.
- Extra copies of printed or processed materials (official copies of which are retained by the office of record).
- Superseded manuals and other directives (maintained outside the office of record).
- Materials documenting employee fringe activities (blood donors, charitable funds, social and professional meetings, etc.)
- Work papers and drafts of reports or correspondence. Transcribed stenographic materials.
- Blank forms.

- Materials received from other activities that require no action (official copies of which are retained by the office of record).
- Catalogs, trade journals and other publications or papers received from government agencies, commercial firms or private institutions that require no action and are not part of an action case record.

Non-records do not require retention scheduling or destruction authorization or reporting. To control excessive accumulation, it is necessary to keep only current, useful materials and to destroy non-records immediately after needs have been satisfied. Avoid filing non-record material with records.

The Value of Local Government Records

Some records, because of their enduring administrative, fiscal, legal or historical value, should be permanently retained. These records require that special care and consideration be given to their storage conditions and the feasibility of preservation microfilming. Examples of permanent records include year-end reports; minutes; property records such as deeds; and birth, death and marriage records.

Most records do not have values that warrant their permanent preservation. Those records with short-term value should, upon reaching end of the retention period, be destroyed.

Statutory Authority for Establishing Records Retention Requirements

In 1965, the Missouri General Assembly established a State Records Commission to approve retentions for records produced by state agencies. In 1972, Missouri's Business and Public Records Law (Chapter 109) was expanded to include local government. Thus, the Missouri Local Records Board was established to set retention times for local government records. The 16-member board, chaired by the Secretary of State, consists of local government officials from all classes of counties and cities, elementary and secondary education, higher education and a person active in historical society groups.

Supplemental to the Local Records Board, the Records Management and Archives Service of the Secretary of State's office provides assistance to local governments and implements board policy.

Application of the Records Retention Schedule

This schedule establishes minimum retention periods and authorizes dispositions for many of the administrative, fiscal and legal records common to most local governments. Retention periods are based upon federal and state mandates, record surveys, business needs, and general knowledge as to how long records should be kept. Using the schedule as a guide and without seeking further approval from the Local Records Board, any local government may regularly dispose of any of its records that appear on this schedule. The schedule is subject to the following exceptions and limitations:

- A. Local government offices may retain any of their records beyond the retention periods set by the schedule, as they deem necessary. The schedule establishes only a minimum period of retention. Before retaining a record longer than the minimum time required, however, the office should be certain that it has good reason to do so. Unnecessary retention of records can be expensive in space and filing equipment and may expose the office to costly litigation and discovery requirements.
- B. This schedule does not relieve local governments of retention requirements mandated by other state and federal statutes and regulations. When such an obligation does exist, then the longer retention period takes precedence.
- C. This schedule generally reflects audit requirements in its prescribed retention periods, but audits are not always completed in a timely fashion. Therefore, any record required for an

audit must be retained until completion of that audit, regardless of its stated retention period in the schedule.

D. This schedule does not authorize destruction of records that could be deemed relevant to current or pending litigation.

Retention and disposition of records that are common to many offices are included in the General Schedule. Records unique to particular offices are addressed in individual office schedules. All schedules are available on the Secretary of State's website at

http://www.sos.mo.gov/archives/localrecs/schedules

Destruction of Records

The records classification and retention periods in this manual constitute legal authority for retention and disposal of official records. No records can be destroyed until they meet the minimum retention period listed in this manual. In cases where there is no schedule for a particular record series, the Local Records Board must grant permission for the destruction.

The disposition of records should be recorded in a document such as the minutes of the city council or other legally constituted authority that has permanent record status. The record should include the description and quantity of each record series disposed of, manner of destruction, inclusive dates covered and the date on which destruction was accomplished.

The retention schedule does not prescribe the method of destruction (shredding, burning, landfills, etc.), however, record series with a disposition of *Destroy securely* contain confidential data. These records should be destroyed under the supervision of a competent person(s) designated (or appointed) to ensure that no records fall into unauthorized hands and that the data cannot be reconstructed.

Preservation of Permanent Records

A fundamental, yet often neglected obligation of local government is to care for its permanent records-in this case, some of the records that it generates and receives. The records that have been identified as permanent require special handling and storage if they are to be preserved. The continuous interaction between a record's medium-paper, magnetic tape, film, etc. -and the quality of the environment in which it is kept-temperature, humidity, light, and air-determines the severity and rate of its deterioration.

By microfilming older, deteriorating, but permanently valuable records, local governments can generate durable copies for research and prevent further damage or deterioration of the original. When filmed, processed, and maintained to archival specifications, the master negative will ensure that permanently valuable records are preserved for generations to come.

The Missouri Local Records Grant program can provide financial assistance in the form of grants-inaid to supplement local funds for preservation initiatives, such as archival supplies, shelving and preservation microfilming.

A Note about Electronic Records

Permanent records existing solely in electronic form are in danger of becoming inaccessible through media decay and hardware/software obsolescence. Periodic migration and transfer of permanent records to stable preservation media, such as microfilm, should be considered as a best practice for local government to fulfill its statutory responsibility to maintain permanent records.

A Note about Retention Periods

This schedule provides minimum retentions. Local authorities may choose to keep a particular series or record for a longer period of time. It should be kept in mind, however, that a record kept beyond its listed retention must be made available for inspection upon request.

Retention Definitions:

COA=Completion of Audit. Note that COA is coupled with a lot of 5-year entries to help encourage regular audits. Not all jurisdictions are required to have audits by statute. Audits for some municipalities are governed by the level of federal financing for bonds and public improvements, and thus are governed by federal retentions. Most municipalities are governed by their local authority (alderman, council, mayor, etc.) for auditing policy. Local jurisdictions may consult RSMo 29 to review the State Auditor's chapter for petition audits (see RSMo 250 for large capital projects such as bonds for water and sewer). For general auditing explanations and advice we recommend that clerks contact the State Auditor's office at 573.751.4213.

DCA=Destroy in Current Area/Reference. Series with these retentions are considered "reference" records and may be destroyed when they are no longer of use.

Modifications and Additions

Because records reflect activities that are constantly changing, the retention requirements for them sometimes require revision as well. Consequently, records retention and disposition schedules often need modification or additions in order to be realistic and effective. Furthermore, because local governments are so large, it is impractical to consult with every office regarding specific schedule entries. There may be some retention periods and disposition requirements within this schedule that fail to account for all relevant factors and there may be some important record series not addressed here which need to be added. The Local Records Program welcomes all comments and suggestions concerned with improvement of record retention schedules through modifications and additions.

For further information on any records management or preservation issue, please contact:

Missouri Secretary of State Local Records Preservation Program PO Box 1747, Jefferson City, MO 65101-1747

Telephone: (573) 751-9047

Fax: (573) 526-3867

Sheriff Records Retention Schedule

See also the General Records Retention Schedule.

Note: Any record in this schedule that becomes part of an investigative file/report will assume the retention requirements of the investigative file. Do not destroy record pertinent to active investigation/prosecutions

SHF 001 Incident Report/File

Also Called: Offense Report; Police Report; Investigative Report; Supplemental Report; Case File;

Robbery Photo File; Citations; Tickets; Controlled Substance Test Report

Function: Documents an alleged violation of law or ordinance

Content: Date, time, location, description of incident; who, what, when, where and how of an

incident; All investigative materials related to incident; Evidence Sheet

Retention: If case is filed, retain until final disposition; If no charges are filed: Class A felony,

Permanent; Other felony, 3 years; Sex crime involving minor, 20 years after victim

reaches 18; Misdemeanor, 1 year; Infraction, 6 months

Disposition: If Permanent, Archive; all others, Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 002 Non-Criminal Incident Report/File

Also Called: Lost Property, Found Property, False Alarm, Private Property Accident, Civil Situation,

Tow sheets, Abandoned Vehicle Tows, Motorist Assist

Function: Documents an incident that is not criminal in nature, but may be a requirement of

insurance or other industry

Content: Date, time, location, description of incident; who, what when where and how of an

incident; Evidence Sheet

Retention: 1 Year
Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 20, 2008

SHF 003 Accident Report/File

Also Called: Crash Report

Function: Documents accident on public property or highway

Content: Date, time, location, description of incident; who, what when where and how of an

incident; Evidence Sheet

Retention: 7 Years--felony case; 5 Years all others

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 20, 2008

SHF 004 Missing Person/Runaway Report

Also Called: Juvenile Missing, Juvenile Runaway

Function: Documents report of missing person or runaway

Content: Date, time, location, description of incident; who, what when where and how of an Retention: Person not found, Permanent; Person located safe, 1 Year; Person located deceased,

not suspicious, 1 Year; Person located deceased, suspicious, retain until resolved

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 005 Messages/Teletypes

Also Called: 911 printouts, MULES Messages, Weather Reports Function: Interdepartmental messages between jurisdictions

Content:

Retention: 911 printouts, 2 Years; MULES Messages, 13 months; Weather Reports/Administrative

messages/Training messages/etc., Reference

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 006 Arrest Records

Also Called: Arrest Log, Arrest Files, Arrest Register, Arrest Register ID, Fingerprints, Booking Sheet

Function: Document arrest

Content: Name, d.o.b., Social Security Number, Address, Phone Number, cause of arrest

Retention: 5 Years

Disposition: Destroy Securely

Note: Fingerprints are normally sent to Highway Patrol Central Repository; if copies are kept

locally, they are merely reference

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 007 Orders of Protection/Full Orders

Also Called: Ex-Parte

Function: Court orders of protection

Content:

Retention: Reference Disposition: Destroy

Note: Court keeps original copy 12 years

Approval Date: August 20, 2008

SHF 008 Racial Profiling Statistics

Also Called:

Function:

Content:

Retention: 1 Year after submission to the Attorney General

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 009 Audio/Video Recordings

Also Called: Car Audio/Video Recording; Booking Surveillance; Surveillance

Function:

Content:

Retention: 60 Days--Evaluate

Disposition:

Note: Managers should extract significant information that may impact criminal or major case

investigations prior to re-using the tape. This retention does not apply to interrogation videos which are by their nature evidentiary and should be part of the investigative files--

See SHF001

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 010 Outstanding Warrants

Also Called: Bench Warrants; Fugitive Files; out-of-jurisdiction files

Function:

Content:

Retention: Class A Felony, 75 years; Class B Felony, 3 years; Misdemeanor, 1 year

Disposition: Destroy

Note: May destroy immediately if recalled by the court

Approval Date: August 20, 2008

SHF 011 Conceal Carry Permits

Also Called:

Function:

Content:

Retention: 3 Years from issue or Renewal

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 20, 2008

SHF 012 General Log of Jail Activities

Also Called:

Function: Details when cell blocks are checked, when prisoners are transported, etc.; see RSMo

516.120

Content:

Retention: 5 Years
Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 013 Inmate files

Also Called:

Function:

Content: includes incarceration, medical history, personal property files, inmate finance account

record, confinement orders, personal history, etc.

Retention: 5 Years after release; financial files, COA

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

SHF 014 Jail Record Ledger Book

Also Called:

Function: Content:

Retention: Completion of Audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 015 Jail Visitor Logs

Also Called:

Function:

Content: contains medical care given prisoners, phone calls made and received by prisoners, mail

sent and received by prisoners, visitors

Retention: 5 Years
Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 016 Record of Prisoners Delivered to Department of Corrections

Also Called:

Function:

Content:

Retention: Completion of Audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note: includes Fulton Diagnostic Center

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 017 Garnishments, Sequestrations, and Executions

Also Called: Ledger of garnishments and sequestrations served, monies collected and disbursements

to the courts; Copies of Garnishments Served with record of money received and disbursed; copies of Sequestrations served; Garnishment and Sequestration ledger; Month end tally of money in escrow, not yet returnable; General Executions from Courts;

General Execution Sale

Function: Financial records related to garnishments, sequestrations or executions

Content:

Retention: Completion of Audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 018 Daily Prisoner Report

Also Called:

Function:

Content:

Retention: 1 Year
Disposition: Destroy

Note:

SHF 019 Jury Records

Also Called: Jury list

Function: Content:

Retention: Completion of Audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 020 Fees

Also Called: Log of Civil fees for Service; Log of Criminal fees for Service; Record of fees for housing

prisoners; Record of fees received from U.S. Marshal for Housing Federal Prisoners; Record of Bonds Collected; Record of Witness Fees Paid; Record of Restitution Collected

and Disbursed

Function:

Content:

Retention: Completion of Audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 021 Warrant/Subpoena Records

Also Called: log of warrants; log of subpoenas

Function:

Content: date received, date served, by whom

Retention: Completion of Audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 022 Entry Sheets

Also Called: Warrants entered

Function:

Content:

Retention: 1 Year
Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 023 Sex Offender Registry

Also Called: Missouri Offender Registry

Function:

Content:

Retention: 75 Years

Disposition: Destroy Securely

Note: Per RSMo 589.400.2 and RSMo 589.410, this record is maintained at, both, the state

and local level

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 024 Felon Registration

Also Called:

Function: Record of Parolees in jurisdiction

Content: Offender information; offense; address; employment information; referring agency

Retention: Until released from probation/parole

Disposition: Destroy Securely

Note: Per RSMo 217.695 this record is maintained by the Department of Corrections and the

Chief Law Enforcement officer of the county/city not within a county

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 025 Logs

Also Called: Desk Books; Activity Logs; Car Logs; Daily Logs; Officer Logs; P.M. Appointments;

Watchman File-Printout; Commander Book; Holdover Inspection; Complaint Numbers Log; Unsecure Building Report; Standby Book/list/notification; Case Assignment Book

Function: Record of daily, weekly or monthly activities
Content: Date, time, activity, care number, officer DSN

Retention: 5 years or completion of audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 026 Subpoenas

Also Called:

Function: Order for Sheriff records or personnel to attend court proceedings

Content:

Retention: 1 year from court date

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 027 Information Received, Confidential

Also Called: Tip line; CrimeStoppers; Information Received; Intelligence Files; Preliminary Complaint

Function: Record of information received

Content:

Retention: 1 year
Disposition: Destroy

Note: If information proves pertinent to an investigation, then it becomes part of the

investigative file and assumes that retention

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 028 Sheriff's Sale Records

Also Called: General Execution Sale; Surplus Property Sale; Partition Sale

Function:

Content:

Retention: Completion of Audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 029 Special Investigative Fund

Also Called:

Function: Record of money expended in an investigation--i.e. drug buys

Content: May include balance sheets; sign-in/sing-out lists

Retention: Same as Case File Disposition: Destroy after audit

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 030 VIN Verification

Also Called: Record of VIN accuracy checks for the Department of Revenue

Function:

Content:

Retention: 90 days Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 031 Sheriff Administrative Reports

Also Called: UCR Reports; MIBRS Reports; Quarterly Stolen Vehicle; Quarterly VIN Reports; Yearly

Purge List

Function:

Content:

Retention: 2 years Disposition: Destroy

Note: See also: GS 001; GS 076

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 032 Internal Affairs Records

Also Called:

Function: Documents internal investigations

Content:

Retention: Complaint Report, Not Sustained, 1 Year; Complaint Face Sheet, Not Sustained, until

termination; Complaint Report, Sustained, 5 years; Complaint Face Sheet, Sustained, until termination; Unfounded, Exonerated, Withdrawn Complaints, until settlement

Disposition: Destroy Securely

Note:

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

SHF 033 Grand Jury Report

Also Called:

Function:

Content:

Retention: Destroy in Current Area

Disposition: Destroy

Note: These transfer to the circuit clerk

SHF 034 Extradition Files

Also Called:

Function: Content:

Retention: Completion of Audit

Disposition: Destroy

These are primarily financial records Note:

2005 Approval Date:

SHF 035 Audits

Also Called:

Function:

Content:

Retention: 1 year Disposition: Destroy

Note: Conducted by County Auditor

Approval Date:

SHF 036 Payroll Requisitions

Also Called:

Function: Content:

Retention: Completion of Audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

2005 Approval Date:

SHF 037 Notice and Demand for Payment of Dishonored Check

Also Called:

Function:

Content:

Retention: **Destroy in Current Area**

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: 2005

SHF 038 Commissions Issued

Also Called: Record of Deputy Sheriff Commissions Issued

Function:

Content:

Retention: 5 years Disposition: Destroy

Note: Personnel records are in county clerk's office; Commissions should be entered into the

County Court minute book

SHF 039 Gun Acquisition Permit

Also Called: Handgun Permit; Concealable Weapon Permit; Gun Permit Log; Gun Permit Index

Function: Documents eligibility of individual to purchase a handgun

Content:

Retention: Destroy in Current Area

Retention Change:

Disposition: Destroy

Note: This record series was made obsolete with the repeal of RSMo 571.090 in 2007

Approval Date: August 2008

SHF 040 Permit to Sell Guns

Also Called: Function:

Content:

Retention: Destroy in Current Area

Retention Change:

Disposition: Destroy

Note: This permit is issued by the Federal Government--copy at Sheriff's office is for reference,

destroy when it is no longer useful

Approval Date: August 2008